

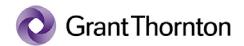
Financial Statements

Big Brothers Big Sisters of North & West Niagara

July 13, 2023

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Directors of Big Brothers Big Sisters of North & West Niagara

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Qualified opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Big Brothers Big Sisters of North & West Niagara (the "Association"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at July 13, 2023, and the statements of operations, changes in net assets and cash flows for the period from January 1, 2023 to July 13, 2023, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the Basis for qualified opinion section of our report, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Association as at July 13, 2023, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the period from January 1, 2023 to July 13, 2023 in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Basis for qualified opinion

In common with many not-for-profit organizations, the Association derives revenue from fundraising activities the completeness of which is not susceptible to satisfactory audit verification. Accordingly, verification of these revenues was limited to the amounts recorded in the records of the Association. Therefore, we were not able to determine whether any adjustments might be necessary to fundraising revenue, excess of revenues over expenses, and cash flows from operations for the period ended July 13, 2023 and the year ended December 31, 2022, current assets as at July 13, 2023 and December 31, 2022, and net assets as at July 13, 2023 and December 31, 2022. Our audit opinion on the financial statements for the period ended July 13, 2023 was modified accordingly because of the possible effects of this limitation in scope.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Association in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion.

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Independent Auditor's Report (continued)

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Association's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Association or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Association's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not
 detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error,
 as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override
 of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Association's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Association's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Association to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the
 disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and
 events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Independent Auditor's Report (continued)

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

As required by Section 96(2) of the Corporations Act, we report that, in our opinion, the accounting principles have been applied on a basis consistent with that of the preceding year.

St. Catharines, Canada January 9, 2024

Chartered Professional Accountants Licensed Public Accountants

Grant Thornton LLP

Big Brothers Big Sisters of North & West Niagara Statement of Financial Position

July 13	July 13, 2023	December 31, 2022
Assets Current Cash Term deposits (Note 3) Marketable securities (Note 4) Accounts receivable (Note 5) Due from Big Brothers Big Sisters of South Central Niagara Prepaid expenses	\$ 430,449 58,000 234,152 18,819 19,311 10,439	\$ 396,829 58,000 227,452 6,064 - 2,795 691,140
Long-term Property and equipment (Note 7)	270,769 \$1,041,939	261,378 \$ 952,518
Liabilities Current Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Government remittances payable Deferred grant revenue (Note 8)	\$ 54,771 - 300,048 354,819	\$ 34,284 7,768 81,712 123,764
Net Assets Unrestricted Invested in property and equipment	416,351 270,769 687,120 \$1,041,939	567,376 261,378 828,754 \$ 952,518

On behalf of the Board

Director	1000	Director

Big Brothers Big Sisters of North & West Niagara Statement of Operations

Period from January 1, 2023 to July 13	January 1 to July 13, 2023	January 1 to December 31, 2022
Revenues Grants Special events United Way Donations Investment (loss) income	\$ 179,814 109,232 56,763 56,714 17,987	223,942 95,627
Expenditures Salaries and benefits Professional fees Special events Office and general Promotion Organizational development Dues and fees Insurance and property taxes Utilities and telephone Mileage Repairs and maintenance Bank charges and interest Program supplies Rent Amortization	344,027 49,475 38,909 25,880 19,592 15,091 12,459 12,321 9,605 6,421 5,336 5,649 1,592 - 15,787	652,354 22,141 55,457 54,682 21,830 9,895 12,443 22,203 18,483 5,693 25,936 12,311 11,062 8,478 21,323
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	\$ (141,634)	\$ (84,633)

Big Brothers Big Sisters of North & West Niagara Statement of Changes in Net Assets Period from January 1, 2023 to July 13

	Unrestricted	Invested in property and equipment	Total January 1 to July 13, 2023	Total January 1 to December 31, 2022
Balance, beginning of period	\$ 567,376	\$ 261,378	\$ 828,754	\$ 913,387
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	(125,847)	(15,787)	(141,634)	(84,633)
Purchases of property and equipment	-	25,178	25,178	62,040
Transfer to invested in property and equipment	(25,178)		(25,178)	(62,040)
Balance, end of period	\$ 416,351	\$ 270,769	\$ 687,120	\$ 828,754

Big Brothers Big Sisters of North & West Niagara Statement of Cash Flows

Period from January 1, 2023 to July 13	January 1 to July 13, 2023	January 1 to December 31, 2022
r endu from dandary 1, 2020 to daily 10	2023	2022
Increase (decrease) in cash		
Operating Deficiency of revenues over expenditures Items not affecting cash	\$ (141,634)	, ,
Amortization Unrealized loss (gain) on marketable securities (Note 7)	15,787 (8,201)	21,323 32,346
Change in non-cash working capital items	(134,048)	
Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses	(12,755) (7,644)	(2,795)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Government remittances payable Deferred grant revenue	20,486 (7,768) 218,336	(7,434) (785) 13,765
Doroniou grant revenue	76,607	40,198
Financing Repayment of loan payable		(40,000)
Investing Proceeds on disposal of marketable securities Purchase of marketable securities Purchase of term deposits Proceeds on sale of term deposits Advances to related party Purchase of property and equipment	1,502 - - - (19,311) (25,178)	- (1,284) (58,000) 5,447 - (62,040)
	(42,987)	(115,877)
Increase (decrease) in cash	33,620	(115,679)
Cash Beginning of period	396,829	512,508
End of period	\$ 430,449	\$ 396,829

July 13, 2023

1. Nature of operations

Big Brothers Big Sisters of North & West Niagara (the "Association") was established to ignite the power and potential of young people by enabling life-changing mentoring relationships. The Association is incorporated by Letters Patent as a corporation without share capital under the laws of Ontario, and is a registered charity under the Income Tax Act. As such it is exempt from income taxes

2. Significant accounting policies

The Association follows accounting principles generally accepted in Canada in preparing its financial statements. The significant accounting policies used are as follows:

Fund accounting

For financial reporting purposes, the accounts have been classified into the following funds:

Unrestricted Fund

The Unrestricted Fund comprises the unrestricted resources available for operating purposes.

Invested in Property and Equipment

Invested in Property and Equipment comprises the net resources that the Association has invested in the purchase of property and equipment net of related financing (if any) and accumulated amortization of the assets.

Financial instruments

Financial instruments in arm's length transactions

The Association accounts for the following as financial instruments:

- cash
- term deposits
- marketable securities
- accounts receivables
- Due from Big Brothers Big Sisters of South Central Niagara
- accounts payable

A financial asset or liability is recognized when the Association becomes party to contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets or liabilities obtained in arm's length transactions are initially measured at their fair value. In the case of a financial asset or liability not being subsequently measured at fair value, the initial fair value will be adjusted for financing fees and transaction costs that are directly attributable to its origination, acquisition, issuance or assumption.

July 13, 2023

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

The Association subsequently measures all of its financial assets and financial liabilities at amortized cost, except for investments in equity instruments that are quoted in an active market, which are measured at fair value. Changes in fair value are recognized on the statement of operations.

Financial assets measured at amortized cost include cash, term deposits and accounts receivable. Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost include accounts payable and loan payable. Financial instruments measured at fair value include marketable securities.

The fair value of investments in publicly traded companies has been determined using the closing price at year end.

Impairment

Financial assets measured at cost are tested for impairment when there are indicators of impairment. Previously recognized impairment losses are reversed to the extent of the improvement provided the asset is not carried at an amount, at the date of the reversal, greater than the amount that would have been the carrying amount had no impairment loss been recognized previously. The amounts of any write-downs or reversals are recognized in net income.

Financial instruments in related party transactions

Financial assets and financial liabilities in related party transactions are initially measured at cost, with the exception of certain instruments which are initially measured at fair value. The Association does not have any financial assets or financial liabilities in related party transactions which are initially measured at fair value.

Gains or losses arising on initial measurement differences are generally recognized in net income when the transaction is in the normal course of operations, and in equity when the transaction is not in the normal course of operations, subject to certain exceptions.

Financial assets and financial liabilities recognized in related party transactions are subsequently measured based on how the Association initially measured the instrument. Financial instruments initially measured at cost are subsequently measured at cost, less any impairment for financial assets. Financial instruments initially measured at fair value, of which the Association has none, would be subsequently measured at amortized cost or fair value based on certain conditions.

July 13, 2023

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

Revenue recognition

The Association follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions which includes grants and donations. Contributions of property and equipment are included as deferred contributions and are amortized to revenue at the same rate and on the same basis as amortization of the related property and equipment.

Restricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are made. Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

Investment income

Interest revenue is recognized on a time proportion basis.

Dividend revenue is recognized when the right to receive a dividend has been established.

Other types of revenue are recorded in the period in which they are earned and measurement and collectability is reasonable assured.

Contributed material and services

The Association receives benefits from donations in kind of merchandise and donated services. Volunteers contributed time to assist the Association in carrying out its programs. Because of the difficulty of determining their fair value, contributed material and services are not recognized in the financial statements.

Cash

Cash consist of short-term investments with an initial maturity of three months or less.

Property and equipment

Property and equipment are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortization. Amortization is provided for over the estimated useful life of the asset.

The amortization rates used for each class of property and equipment are:

Building 4% Declining balance
Parking lot 10 years Straight-line
Furniture and equipment 20% Declining balance
Computers 3 years Straight-line
Signs 10 years Straight-line

July 13, 2023

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

Impairment of long-lived assets

The Association tests long-lived assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that its carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized when the carrying amount of the asset exceeds the sum of the undiscounted cash flows resulting from its use and eventual disposition. The impairment loss is measured as the amount by which the carrying amount of the long-lived asset exceeds its fair value.

Government assistance

Government subsidies are recognized when received or receivable if the amount to be received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection reasonably assured. Subsidies received to cover current period expenses are recognized in the statement of operations as government assistance.

Use of estimates

Management reviews the carrying amounts of items in the financial statements at each balance sheet date to assess the need for revision or any possibility of impairment. Many items in the preparation of these financial statements require management's best estimate. Management determines these estimates based on assumptions that reflect the most probable set of economic conditions and planned courses of action.

These estimates are reviewed periodically and adjustments are made to net income as appropriate in the year they become known.

Items subject to significant management estimates include the useful life of property and equipment and revenue recognition of deferred grants.

3. Term deposits

The term deposits bear interest from 5.10% to 5.11% and mature between December 7, 2023 and December 11, 2023.

4. Marketable securities

Investments quoted in an active market, at fair value:

	July 13, 2023	December 31, 2022
Mutual funds Equities	\$ 202,122 32,030	\$ 195,627 31,825
	<u>\$ 234,152</u>	\$ 227,452

July 13, 2023

5. Accounts receivable	_	July 13, 2023	Ded	2022
HST receivable Accrued interest	\$	17,048 1,771	\$	5,872 192
	\$	18,819	\$	6,064

6. Investment income

Investment income earned on marketable securities recorded at fair value consists of the following:

	January 1 to July 13, 2023	January 1 to December 31, 2022
Interest Dividends Realized gain Unrealized (loss) gain	\$ 9,689 660 (563) 8,201	\$ 3,806 3,792 4,656 (32,346)
	<u>\$ 17,987</u>	\$ (20,092)

7. Property and equipment

			_	July 13, 2023	Dece	mber 31, 2022
	 Cost	 cumulated cortization	_	Net Book Value		Net Book Value
Land Building Parking lot Furniture and equipment Computers Signs	\$ 114,895 233,129 37,964 86,598 59,500 20,511 552,597	\$ - 145,024 7,213 72,824 52,870 3,897 281,828	\$ \$	114,895 88,105 30,751 13,774 6,630 16,614 270,769	\$	114,895 73,975 34,168 17,217 2,663 18,460 261,378

July 13, 2023

8. Deferred grant revenue

Deferred grant revenues relate to restricted contributions for special projects or specified purposes. These grants and the changes in the deferred revenue balances are as follows:

	b	Balance, eginning of period	 Received	<u>Re</u>	cognized	Balance, of period
Ontario Trillium Resilient Fund	\$	16,893	\$ -	\$	(16,893)	\$ -
The Branscombe Family Foundation Grant		27,013	_		(27,013)	_
St. Catharines Mayor's Golf		21,010			(27,010)	
Tournament		10,000	-		(807)	9,193
Town of Grimsby		2,181	-		(2,181)	-
The Joyce Family Foundation		20,000	-		(20,000)	-
Ministry of Education		5,625	31,065		(34,112)	2,578
Trillum Grant Accessibility		-	119,000		(349)	118,651
Trillium Grant Resilient						
Communities		-	40,400		(16,844)	23,556
Accessibility Grant		-	75,423		-	75,423
John Deere Grant		-	15,000		(6,750)	8,250
Senior Horizon Grant		-	22,667		(1,653)	21,014
Niagara Community Foundation			0.000		(0.000)	
Donation		-	6,988		(6,988)	-
Niagara Community Foundation			54.000		(00,000)	05 500
Amalgamation		-	51,980		(26,392)	25,588
Canada Summer Jobs		-	13,627		(7,832)	5,795
CAA Niagara Community Support Grant			10,000			10,000
Canadian Tire Jumpstart		_	12,000		(12,000)	10,000
Odnadian The Jumpstart			 12,000	_	(12,000)	
	\$	81,712	\$ 398,150	\$	(179,814)	\$ 300,048

July 13, 2023

9. Financial instruments

The Association is exposed to various risks through its financial instruments. The following analysis provides a measure of the Association's risk exposures and concentrations at July 13, 2023. There have been no significant changes in these risks from the prior year.

(a) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Association will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities. The Association is exposed to this risk mainly in respect of the timing of receipt of funds from charitable organizations and payment of its loan payable and accounts payable.

(b) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or expected future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk. The Association is mainly exposed to interest rate risk and other price risk.

(i) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Association is exposed to interest rate risk on its loan payable and with respect to investments in fixed rate term deposits.

(ii) Other price risk

Other price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market. The Association is exposed to other price risk through its holdings of marketable securities.

10. Subsequent events

On July 14, 2023 the association amalgamated with Big Brothers Big Sisters of South Central Niagara and subsequently operate under the name Big Brother Big Sisters of Niagara.